

General Anti-Doping Risk Assessment for World Strongman (WSM)

1. Current Status Overview:

Registered Testing Pool (RTP):

Not yet established; collaboration with AIMS & WADA is ongoing.

Testing History:

 No formal testing conducted in the last 3 years; no Adverse Analytical Findings (AAFs) or Anti-Doping Rule Violations (ADRVs) reported.

Therapeutic Use Exemptions (TUE):

 No TUE applications or program in place; plans to develop a policy aligned with WADA standards.

2. Risk Factors:

Weight Management Risks:

- Strict weight categories (U80, U95, U110, +110 kg for men; U75, +75 kg for women).
- Common use of saunas and fluid restriction for rapid weight loss increases risk of diuretics use.

Performance Demands:

- o Strength, power, and endurance are primary attributes.
- Potential moderate risk of anabolic steroids, stimulants, and growth hormones due to the physical demands.

Supplement Use:

- Popular supplements: Protein, creatine, BCAA, pre-workout formulas.
- Risk of contamination from unverified suppliers; no known cases reported.

3. Structural and Regulatory Aspects:

Anti-Doping Policy:



 WSM Anti-Doping Code developed and operational in line with WADA standards.

Testing and Education:

- Budget allocated for 2025.
- Plans to conduct 3-5 in-competition tests at major tournaments and selective out-of-competition testing.
- o Educational programs for athletes and coaches are in development.

4. Geographical and Demographic Considerations:

- Key Regions: Asia, Middle East, South America.
 - o Strong focus on Arab countries due to their stance on anti-doping.
 - o Youth and student competitions prioritized for education.

5. General Risk Summary:

 Moderate Risk: Due to the lack of historical testing and established RTP, combined with the physiological demands of the sport.

Potential High-Risk Areas:

- Weight management practices involving rapid dehydration.
- Supplement use without stringent guidelines.

Mitigating Actions:

- $\circ\quad$ Immediate establishment of RTP and initiation of regular testing.
- Implementation of robust TUE and education programs.



Mitigating Actions for Anti-Doping Risk Reduction in World Strongman (WSM)

1. Establishing the Registered Testing Pool (RTP)

To ensure compliance with **WADA standards**, WSM must establish an **RTP** to identify and monitor athletes for anti-doping testing.

1.1. RTP Formation Guidelines

• Step 1: Define the RTP Scope

- Determine the **number of athletes** based on competition levels (e.g., top-ranked international, national champions, continental event winners).
- Prioritize high-performance athletes who are frequently competing in major WSM events.

Step 2: Selection Criteria for RTP Inclusion

- Athletes who:
 - Participate in World Strongman Championship and Continental Cups.
 - Have achieved top rankings in WSM-sanctioned events.
 - Are targeted for international competition (e.g., potential Olympic or multi-sport games inclusion).
 - Have a history of rapid performance improvement (potential indicator of doping risk).
 - Are flagged by intelligence-based risk assessments.

Step 3: Athlete Notification & Obligations

- Provide formal notification to selected athletes.
- Explain whereabouts requirements for out-of-competition testing.
- Educate them on their rights and responsibilities under WADA regulations.
- o Secure athlete acknowledgment & consent for RTP inclusion.

Step 4: Testing Implementation

 In-competition testing: 3-5 tests per major event (random selection).



- Out-of-competition testing: Targeted and unannounced (geographical distribution).
- Step 5: RTP Management & Compliance Monitoring
 - Regular review of RTP athlete performance and whereabouts compliance.
 - o Ensure proper data submission to WADA's ADAMS system.

2. Education Plan for Athletes & Athlete Support Personnel

To mitigate doping risks, WSM should implement a **structured education program** for **athletes** and **athlete support personnel** (coaches, medical staff, trainers).

2.1. Education Plan for Athletes

Topic	Objectives	Method of Delivery	Frequency
Introduction to Anti-Doping	Explain doping risks, WADA Code, and athlete obligations.	Online course, Handbook, Webinars	Upon RTP entry + Annual
Prohibited Substances & Methods	Educate on substances/methods banned in strength sports.	Seminars, E- learning modules	Quarterly
TUE Process	Guide athletes on how to apply for Therapeutic Use Exemptions.	Handbook, Video Tutorials	Annually
Doping Control Process	Walkthrough of in- competition and out-of- competition testing.	Practical demonstrations, Mock testing	Before Major Events
Risks of Supplements	Explain contamination risks, safe supplement use.	Video tutorials, Panel discussions	Every 6 months
Whereabouts & ADAMS Compliance	Ensure athletes understand and comply with RTP reporting.	Hands-on ADAMS training	Bi-annual



2.2. Education Plan for Athlete Support Personnel

Group	Key Topics	Method of Delivery	Frequency
Coaches &	Influence on athletes,	Workshops,	Annually
Trainers	anti-doping responsibilities.	Seminars	
Team Doctors	TUE procedures,	Case studies,	Bi-annual
& Medical Staff	recognizing doping side	Medical ethics	
	effects.	sessions	
Event	Ensuring fair play,	Conferences,	Annually
Organizers &	recognizing potential	Handbooks	
Officials	doping violations.		

3. Implementation Strategy

- Implement Mandatory WADA Anti-Doping E-Learning (ADEL) certification requirement for participation in WSM events (e-learning for athletes & support personnel).
- Organize Regional Training Sessions in collaboration with National Anti-Doping Organizations (NADOs).
- Incorporate Anti-Doping Awareness into event registration for mandatory participation.

4. Tracking & Evaluation Metrics

To ensure the effectiveness of the mitigating actions, WSM should implement the following **tracking and evaluation methods**:

Metric	Objective	Evaluation Method	Review Frequency
RTP Compliance	Ensure athletes	ADAMS Reporting	Quarterly
Rate	comply with	& Compliance	
	whereabouts	Reports	
	obligations		



Number of Tests Conducted	Measure adherence to in-competition & OOC testing	Test Reports from NADO/WADA	Annually
Education Program Completion Rate	Ensure athletes & personnel complete education	Certificate Completion Logs	Bi-annual
TUE Application Processing Time	Monitor efficiency of TUE system	Review of TUE Requests & Approvals	Annually
Supplement Contamination Cases Reported	Track incidence of contaminated supplement cases	Case Reports & Athlete Surveys	Annually
ADRVs & Violations Trends	Assess impact of anti-doping measures	Review of AAFs & ADRVs from Testing Data	Annually
Athlete & Support Personnel Feedback	Identify gaps in education and awareness	Surveys & Feedback Forms	Annually

By systematically **establishing the RTP**, implementing **comprehensive education programs**, and utilizing **effective tracking mechanisms**, WSM can **reduce doping risks** and ensure **compliance with international anti-doping standards**.